

Implementation of Coplanning Tool

Background on the development of the coplanning tool

- Goal was to create **indicators** of what **coplanning** looks like when done well & leads to the professional growth of BOTH teachers
- Tool was developed by examining research on coplanning, viewing clips of coplanning sessions, & eliciting the thoughts of coteachers & teacher educators
- Tool was revised based on feedback from teacher educators & coteaching researchers

How the coplanning tool could be used

- Coteaching facilitators could use the tool in workshops/trainings to operationalize coplanning & make coplanning more concrete
- Coteaching pairs could use the tool for self-reflection purposes in order to enhance coplanning implementation
- University supervisors could use the tool to provide targeted coteaching feedback/support, providing suggestions on what coplanning might look like & how it could be enhanced

Additional notes on use

- The tool is not meant to be evaluative, rather educative & a starting point for reflection & conversation
- The tool is meant to be used when the intention is collaborating on planning, not when one teacher is leading planning

Questions to consider when using the coplanning tool

- Does the coplanning session focus on planning for big picture (i.e., unit) or small picture (i.e., individual lesson)?
- Did planning occur outside of the coplanning session? If so, what role did each coteacher play in this individual planning?
- Is the lesson being coplanned going to be cotaught?
- Where in the program is the teacher candidate in learning how to teach? How might the stage in the program influence the level of collaboration achieved?

The tool may allow coteachers to self-reflect & determine...

- The level of collaboration & co-construction/cogeneration of ideas
- How much thinking (metacognition) was shared during the coplanning session
- Characteristics of the power dynamic including level of co-respect & shared responsibility
- The extent to which the collaboration led to the professional growth of BOTH teachers

Supplemental coplanning resources

- Research-based planning practices (article)
- Coplanning lesson plan templates
- Coplanning session structure
- 10 tips for coplanning efficiently



Criterion	Low-Level	Medium-Level	High-Level
Content			
Planning practices Backward design Data driven Student need Reference to specific instructional approaches	 □ Coteachers do not overtly utilize planning practices □ No clear connection to learning goal and/or connection to prior student assessment & needs 	 □ Coteachers utilize planning practices but do not overtly discuss their implementation/use □ Coteachers identify a learning goal, but this goal is not grounded in previous student assessment □ Discussion of instructional approaches & assessments but not in regards to identified goal □ Focus on supporting student learning with general, whole-class scaffolds 	 □ Both coteachers utilize overt & research-based planning practices □ Clear articulation of learning goal & discussion of students' prior knowledge related to selected goal □ Discussion of instructional approaches & assessments that align with goal & elicit evidence of student learning □ Focus on supporting student learning with identification of scaffolds & supports for diverse learners
Discipline-specific content	☐ Coteachers not engaged in exploration or discussion of discipline-specific content	☐ One coteacher discusses & provides information on discipline-specific content	□ Both coteachers engage in discussion of discipline-specific content, collaboratively exploring and/or seeking clarification on content themes & concepts
Coinstructing roles & responsibilities for upcoming lesson	☐ Limited or no discussion of roles & responsibilities for upcoming lesson	 Discussion of roles & responsibilities for upcoming lesson; however, responsibility is not shared Coinstructional strategy is selected but may not be the most appropriate strategy to support student learning 	 □ Both coteachers engage in overt discussion of & planning for roles for the upcoming lesson; responsibility is shared □ Coinstructional strategy selected is most appropriate to support student learning
Logistics Pacing Transitions Material creation & distribution	☐ No discussion or too little discussion of lesson logistics	☐ Too much emphasis placed on discussion of lesson logistics	☐ Appropriate discussion of lesson logistics



Criterion	Low-Level	Medium-Level	High-Level
Productivity			
How productive is the coplanning session? • Structured & focused • Outcomes accomplished	☐ Coplanning session has no structure and/or focus	☐ Coplanning session has a structure and focus, however, a planning goal is not articulated	☐ Coplanning session has a clear structure/agenda including the articulation of a planning goal
- Gateomes decomplished	☐ Little planning has been accomplished by the end of the session	☐ Planning has been accomplished by the end of the session but next steps are unclear	☐ Coteachers summarize learnings from planning and identify next steps

Criterion	Low-Level	Medium-Level	High-Level
Discourse			
What is the type & purpose of talk? • Seeking/providing clarification • Asking questions	☐ Few questions are posed; discourse includes statements that are mainly declarative and/or imperative	☐ Some questions are posed and/or answered	☐ Both coteachers identify problems/pose questions and seek solutions/answers
Sharing ideasExplaining & justifying	☐ Discourse includes little or no sharing of ideas	☐ Discourse includes some sharing of ideas	☐ Both coteachers share ideas
thinking	☐ Discourse includes minimal explanation/justification of thinking	☐ Discourse includes some explanation/justification of thinking	□ Both coteachers share explanation/justification of thinking (e.g. decisions made, planning practices)



Criterion	Low-Level	Medium-Level	High-Level
Discourse			
 Who does the talking & controls the topic? Balance in quantity of talk, turn taking Creating space for think time & input Sharing of topic control 	 One coteacher does the majority of the talking; there is little or no turn taking One coteacher engaged and directs planning, providing little room for input 	 Both coteachers talk but not equally; there is some turn taking Both coteachers engaged in planning but with unequal contributions 	 Both coteachers talk equally; there is a balance of turn taking Both coteachers engaged in planning with equal contributions
What ideas are taken up & how are decisions made?	☐ Little or no uptake of ideas	☐ Mainly one coteacher uptakes ideas	☐ Both coteachers uptake ideas equally
Uptake of ideasJoint problem solving & decision making	☐ One coteacher makes decisions for the pair	☐ Some shared decision making	☐ Decisions are made collaboratively
	☐ Disagreements remain unresolved	☐ Disagreements may exist; however, the pair shows an attempt at resolving disagreement	☐ Disagreements are collaboratively discussed/resolved



Criterion	Low-Level	Medium-Level	High-Level
Tone			
Body language & intonation • Active listening	 Coteachers do not sit near each other and engage in limited eye contact Body language does not show 	Coteachers sit near each other and engage in some eye contactBody language shows active	 Both coteachers are positioned toward each other with appropriate eye contact throughout Both coteachers lean in, nod/tilt
	active listening for both coteachers	listening mainly for one coteacher	head to show active listening
	☐ Coteacher's intonation shows disagreement and/or skepticism	☐ Coteacher's intonation is both supportive and unsupportive and does not always match body language	☐ Both coteachers' intonation expresses emphasis, conveys surprise, and/or poses questions



Criterion	Low-Level	Medium-Level	High-Level
Cooperating Teacher Stance			
	☐ Leader/Follower	☐ Teacher Educator	□ Collaborator/Learner
	Cooperating teacher is the leader, driving the conversation and decisions with little justification OR Cooperating teacher relinquishes most of the control to the teacher candidate	Cooperating teacher is the teacher educator, providing modeling and facilitating teacher candidate learning	Cooperating teacher is a collaborator, posing authentic questions, sharing ideas, and positioning themselves as a learner
Teacher Candidate Stance			
	□ Follower/Leader	□Student	□ Collaborator/Learner
	Teacher candidate is the follower – observing and listening – with contributions mainly in response to the cooperating teacher OR Teacher candidate is the leader, driving the conversation and decisions with little justification, sometimes not open to the mentoring/feedback of the cooperating teacher	Teacher candidate is a student, asking questions to clarify the thinking and decisions of the cooperating teacher	Teacher candidate is a collaborator, posing authentic questions, sharing ideas, and positioning themselves as a learner