MATH 344 Linear Analysis II

1. <u>Catalog Description</u>

MATH 344 Linear Analysis II

4 units

GE Area B6

Prerequisite: MATH 206 and MATH 242, or MATH 241 and MATH 244.

Linear methods applied to the solution of differential equations. Laplace transforms. Series solutions to ordinary differential equations. Orthogonality in n-space, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization and least squares methods. Orthogonal bases in function spaces, Sturm-Liouville theory. Fourier series and transforms. Special functions of applied mathematics. 4 lectures. Fulfills GE B6.

2. Required Background or Experience

Math 206 and Math 242, or Math 241 and Math 244 or their equivalent.

3. Learning Objectives

The student should:

- a. Develop an understanding of the theory of Laplace transforms and its application to ordinary differential equations and linear systems.
- b. Be familiar with orthogonality in a linear space, its application to approximation theory, and its use in the solution of ordinary and partial differential equations.
- c. Be able to show how boundary value problems generate many of the special functions of applied mathematics and become familiar with some of the orthogonal families of these functions that arise as solutions to Sturm Liouville problems.

4. Text and References

Note: No single text suffices – each text needs a supplement. The text is to be chosen by the instructor. Suggested texts include:

- Nagle, Saff, and Snider, Fundamentals of Differential Equations
- Zill and Cullen, Differential Equations with Boundary-Value Problems
- Polking, Boggess, and Arnold, <u>Differential Equations with Boundary Value Problems</u>
- Goode and Annin, <u>Differential Equations and Linear Algebra</u>
- Boyce and Prima, <u>Elementary Differential Equations and Value Boundary Problems</u>

5. Minimum Student Materials

Paper, pencils, calculator and notebook.

6. <u>Minimum University Facilities</u>

Classroom with ample chalkboard space and computer lab.

7. Content and Method

Topic

a. Laplace Transform Methods

Laplace transforms and inverse transforms
Transformation of initial value problems
Translation and partial fractions
Derivatives, integrals, and products of transforms
Periodic and piecewise continuous input functions
Impulse and delta functions

b. Power Series Methods

Introduction and review of power series Series solutions near ordinary points Regular singular points Method of Frobenius; The exceptional cases Legendre's equation Bessel's equation

c. Fourier Series Methods

Periodic functions and trigonometric series General Fourier series and convergence Fourier series as projection/least squares in function spaces Fourier sine and cosine series Applications of Fourier series Heat conduction and separation of variables

d. Extensions of Fourier Series

Fourier integral Fourier transform Fourier sine and cosine transform (time permitting)

e. Orthogonality

Orthogonality *n*-space Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization and least square methods Orthogonal bases in function spaces Sturm-Liouville theory

8. Methods of Assessment

Comprehensive final exam, mid-term exams or quizzes, homework.