## MATH 341 Theory of Numbers

1. <u>Catalog Description</u>

## MATH 341 Theory of Numbers

4 units

Prerequisite: MATH 248 with a grade of C- or better or consent of instructor.

Properties of numbers. Euclid's Algorithm, greatest common divisors, diophantine equations, prime numbers, congruences, number theoretic functions, the quadratic reciprocity laws, primitive roots and indices. 4 lectures.

2. Required Background or Experience

Math 248 with a grade of C- or better or consent of instructor

3. <u>Learning Objectives</u>

The student should:

- a. Develop a better understanding of the elementary properties of numbers.
- b. Develop a better understanding of the number system and the manipulations of numbers.
- c. Be able to formulate postulates and definitions.
- d. Be able to solve elementary indeterminate equations.
- e. Develop a better understanding and appreciation of the importance of postulates in mathematical thinking.
- 4. <u>Text and References</u>

Text to be chosen by instructor.

5. <u>Minimum Student Materials</u>

Paper, pencils, and notebook.

6. <u>Minimum University Facilities</u>

Classroom with ample chalkboard space for class use.

## 7. <u>Content and Method</u>

- a. Mathematical induction
- b. The binomial theorem
- c. Early number theory
- d. Divisibility theory and the integers
- e. Primes and their distribution
- f. The theory of congruences
- g. Fermat's theorem
- h. Wilson's theorem
- i. The functions  $\tau$  and  $\sigma$ .
- j. Euler's generalization of Fermat's theorem
- k. Primitive roots and indices
- 1. The quadratic reciprocity laws

## 8. <u>Methods of Assessment</u>

The primary methods of assessment are: essay examinations, quizzes and homework. Typically, there will be one or more hour-long examinations during the quarter, and a required comprehensive final examination. Students are required to show their work and are graded not only on the correctness of their answers, but also on their understanding of the concepts and techniques.