MATH 142 Calculus II

1. <u>Catalog Description</u>

    MATH 142 Calculus II   **4 units**
    GE Area B1

    Prerequisite: <u>MATH 141</u> with a grade of C- or better or consent of instructor.

    Techniques of integration, applications to physics, transcendental functions. 4 lectures.
    Crosslisted as HNRS/<u>MATH 142</u>. Fulfills GE B1; for students admitted Fall 2016 or later,
    a grade of C- or better in one GE B1 course is required to fulfill GE Area B.

2. <u>Required Background or Experience</u>

    Math 141 or equivalent.

3. <u>Learning Objectives</u>

    The student should:

    a. Be able to differentiate and integrate elementary transcendental functions.
    b. Understand some of the applications of integration, including areas, volumes, work,
        arc length, lateral surface area, and center of mass.
    c. Know how to integrate combinations of elementary functions with accuracy and
        confidence.

4. <u>Text and References</u>

    *   Stewart, <u>Calculus</u>, 8th edition, Cengage

5. <u>Minimum Student Materials</u>

    Paper, pencils and notebook.

6. <u>Minimum University Facilities</u>

    Classroom with ample chalkboard space for class use.

7.   <u>Content and Method</u>

<u>Content</u>   <u>No. of Lectures</u>

CHAPTER 4 – **INTEGRALS**   1
    4.5   The Substitution Rule

CHAPTER 5 – **APPLICATIONS OF INTEGRATION**   5
    5.1   Areas Between Curves
    5.2   Volumes
    5.3   Volumes by Cylindrical Shells
    5.4   Work

CHAPTER 6 – **INVERSE FUNCTIONS: EXPONENTIAL, LOGARITHMIC**   8
              AND INVERSE TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS
    6.1   Inverse Functions
    6.2   Exponential Functions and Their Derivatives
    6.3   Logarithmic Functions
    6.4   Derivatives of Logarithmic Functions
    6.5   Exponential Growth and Decay (may be postponed until after 9.3)
    6.6   Inverse Trigonometric Functions (emphasize inverse sine and tangent functions)
    6.8   Indeterminate Forms and l'Hôspital's Rule

CHAPTER 7 – **TECHNIQUES OF INTEGRATION**   9
    7.1   Integration by Parts
    7.2   Trigonometric Integrals
    7.3   Trigonometric Substitution
    7.4   Integration of Rational Functions by Partial Fractions
    7.5   Strategy for Integration
    7.7   Approximate Integration
    7.8   Improper Integrals

CHAPTER 8 – **FURTHER APPLICATIONS OF INTEGRATION**   5
    8.1   Arc Length
    8.2   Area of a Surface of Revolution
    8.3   Applications to Physics and Engineering

CHAPTER 9 – **DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS**   2
    9.3   Separable Equations
    9.4   Models for Population Growth
                                                  Total   30

8.   <u>Methods of Assessment</u>

The primary methods of assessment are: essay examinations, quizzes and homework. Typically, there will be one or more hour-long examinations during the quarter, and a required comprehensive final examination.