

CAL POLY PERSISTENCE RATE TRENDS

New Transfers

As of December 2018 - Fall 2018 Final Census

Fall Cohort	Original Cohort*	One-Year Retention Rate^	Two-Year Graduation Rate	Three-Year Graduation Rate	Four-Year Graduation Rate	Five-Year Graduation Rate	Six-Year Graduation Rate
2001	1,165	92.1%	23.2%	59.6%	76.0%	81.0%	82.8%
2002	942	93.4%	19.5%	56.6%	76.8%	82.5%	83.8%
2003	907	91.8%	19.7%	56.7%	73.0%	79.3%	82.1%
2004	712	92.8%	22.9%	61.4%	78.8%	84.6%	86.1%
2005	1,016	91.6%	22.4%	61.0%	78.1%	82.6%	84.5%
2006	750	91.2%	22.2%	60.2%	79.0%	83.6%	85.2%
2007	924	93.6%	21.8%	65.3%	82.0%	85.8%	87.4%
2008	662	91.8%	19.8%	61.9%	80.1%	83.7%	85.0%
2009	667	93.6%	29.8%	73.0%	87.0%	88.9%	89.4%
2010	519	93.4%	20.7%	67.4%	82.5%	85.5%	87.3%
2011	768	93.2%	24.9%	76.8%	86.8%	89.2%	90.2%
2012	756	92.2%	32.1%	75.5%	86.1%	88.5%	88.9%
2013	914	91.7%	34.3%	77.2%	86.4%	87.6%	
2014	701	94.6%	37.2%	83.3%	91.2%		
2015	737	94.8%	35.6%	80.2%			
2016	756	95.5%	36.4%				
2017	851	94.8%					
2018	835						

*Cohort is based on rules similar to those used for the first-time freshmen cohort as defined in the federal Student Right-to-Know Act. Students transferring and entering Cal Poly from another institution as juniors or higher in the fall term or the immediately preceding summer term and who were enrolled full-time in the fall term. In addition, deceased students or students who left for military service are allowable exclusions; therefore, persistence rates are calculated on a revised cohort that may be slightly lower than the original cohort.

^One-year retention rate includes a small number of new transfers who graduated within one year.



