MEETING OF THE ACADEMIC SENATE
Tuesday, June 2 2009
UU220, 3:10 to 5:00pm

I. Minutes:
none.

II. Communication(s) and Announcement(s):
Introduction of new and continuing senators for 2009-2010: (pp 2-3).

III. Reports:
Regular reports:
A. Academic Senate Chair:
B. President’s Office:
C. Provost:
D. Vice President for Student Affairs:
E. Statewide Senate:
F. CFA Campus President:
G. ASI Representative:

Special reports:

IV. Consent Agenda:

V. Business Item(s):
A. Resolution on Cal Poly Statement on Commitment to Community: Executive Committee, second reading (to be distributed at the meeting).
B. Resolution on Sustainability Learning Objectives: Lancaster, chair of the Sustainability Committee, second reading (pp 4-6).
C. Resolution on Mergers and/or Reorganizations of Academic Programs, Academic Senate Executive Committee, second reading (pp 7-8).
D. Resolution on Retention Promotion and Tenure Focus Group Report: Kurfess, chair of the Research and Professional Development Committee, second reading (pp 9-17).
E. Resolution on Research and Professional Development: Kurfess, chair of the Research and Professional Development Committee, second reading (p 18).
F. Resolution to Approve a Course to Facilitate Continuous Enrollment of Graduate Students: Hannings, Chair of Curriculum Committee, second reading (pp 19-24).
G. Resolution on Statement on Academic Freedom: Foroohar, chair of Faculty Affairs Committee, second reading (pp 25-28).

VI. Discussion Item(s):

VII. Adjournment:
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY  
San Luis Obispo, California

ACADEMIC SENATE SENATORS  
2009-2011

(by college/area)

**COLLEGE OF ARCHITECTURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN (6 representatives)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DEPT</th>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>@calpoly.edu</th>
<th>TERM END</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Choi, Don</td>
<td>Arch</td>
<td>61479</td>
<td>dchoi</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>de Hahn, Henri</td>
<td>Arch</td>
<td>61316</td>
<td>hdehahn</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jackson, Doug</td>
<td>Arch</td>
<td>61362</td>
<td>dojackso</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nuworsoo, Cornelius (CH)</td>
<td>C&amp;RP</td>
<td>62573</td>
<td>cnuworso</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salikid, Ed</td>
<td>ArchEngr</td>
<td>67641</td>
<td>esalikli</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VACANCY</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES (6 representatives)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DEPT</th>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>@calpoly.edu</th>
<th>TERM END</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Costello, Michael</td>
<td>H&amp;CS</td>
<td>66732</td>
<td>mcostell</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delmore, Bob</td>
<td>AniSci</td>
<td>62254</td>
<td>rdelmore</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Derelian, Doris</td>
<td>FdSci&amp;N</td>
<td>66130</td>
<td>derelian</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hannings, Dave (CH)</td>
<td>H&amp;CS</td>
<td>62870</td>
<td>dhanning</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tilley, Marcia</td>
<td>Agribus</td>
<td>67512</td>
<td>mtilley</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VACANCY</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**COLLEGE OF BUSINESS (5 representatives)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DEPT</th>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>@calpoly.edu</th>
<th>TERM END</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Burgunder, Lee (CH)</td>
<td>Acctg</td>
<td>61210</td>
<td>lburgund</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coget, Jean-Francois</td>
<td>Mgmtt</td>
<td>66111</td>
<td>jcoget</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Danes, Jeff</td>
<td>Marketg</td>
<td>61417</td>
<td>jdanes</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fisher, Eric</td>
<td>Econ</td>
<td>62964</td>
<td>efisher</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floyd, Barry</td>
<td>Mgmtt</td>
<td>66551</td>
<td>bfloyd</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (7 representatives)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DEPT</th>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>@calpoly.edu</th>
<th>TERM END</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agbo, Sam (CH)</td>
<td>ElecEngr</td>
<td>61528</td>
<td>sagbo</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kean, Andrew</td>
<td>MechEngr</td>
<td>61236</td>
<td>akean</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mehiel, Eric</td>
<td>AeroEngr</td>
<td>62562</td>
<td>emehiel</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Menon, Unny</td>
<td>IndEngr</td>
<td>61180</td>
<td>umenon</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nico, Phillip</td>
<td>CompSci</td>
<td>67124</td>
<td>pnico</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rahman, Shikha</td>
<td>C&amp;EEEngr</td>
<td>62117</td>
<td>rahman</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vakalis, Ignatios</td>
<td>CompSci</td>
<td>66285</td>
<td>ivakalis</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LoCascio, Jim (stwd sen)</td>
<td>MechEngr</td>
<td>62375</td>
<td>jlocasci</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS (9 representatives)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DEPT</th>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>@calpoly.edu</th>
<th>TERM END</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arceneaux, Craig</td>
<td>PoliSci</td>
<td>62842</td>
<td>carcenea</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call, Lewis (CH)</td>
<td>History</td>
<td>62672</td>
<td>lcall</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fagan, Kevin</td>
<td>ModLangs</td>
<td>62750</td>
<td>kfgan</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fernflores, Rachel</td>
<td>Philosophy</td>
<td>62330</td>
<td>rfernflo</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laver, Gary</td>
<td>Psych&amp;CD</td>
<td>62033</td>
<td>glaver</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Machamer, Josh</td>
<td>Thea&amp;Dnc</td>
<td>65560</td>
<td>jmachame</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rinzler, Paul</td>
<td>Music</td>
<td>65792</td>
<td>prinzler</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rong, Xiaoying</td>
<td>GraphComm</td>
<td>62027</td>
<td>xrong</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rucas, Stacey</td>
<td>SocialSci</td>
<td>61374</td>
<td>srucas</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foroohar, Manzar (stwd sen)</td>
<td>History</td>
<td>61707</td>
<td>mforoohch</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### COLLEGE OF SCIENCE AND MATHEMATICS (8 representatives)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DEPT</th>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>@calpoly.edu</th>
<th>TERM END</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Baxley, Lara</td>
<td>Chem&amp;BC</td>
<td>60292</td>
<td>lbaxley</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jankovitz, Kris (CH)</td>
<td>Kines</td>
<td>62534</td>
<td>kjankovii</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O’Bryant, Camille</td>
<td>Kines</td>
<td>61787</td>
<td>cobryant</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saenz, Rich</td>
<td>Physics</td>
<td>62447</td>
<td>rsaenz</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schaffner, Andrew</td>
<td>Stats</td>
<td>61545</td>
<td>aschaffn</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shapiro, Jonathan</td>
<td>Math</td>
<td>61675</td>
<td>jshapiro</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stankus, Mark</td>
<td>Math</td>
<td>61716</td>
<td>mstankus</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Villablanca, Francis</td>
<td>BioSci</td>
<td>62200</td>
<td>fvillabl</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### PROFESSIONAL CONSULTATIVE SERVICES (5 representatives)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DEPT</th>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>@calpoly.edu</th>
<th>TERM END</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hammond, Amie</td>
<td>CareerServs</td>
<td>65977</td>
<td>akhammon</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hindmarsh, Leanne</td>
<td>Library</td>
<td>62690</td>
<td>lhindmar</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montgomery, Wayne</td>
<td>Library</td>
<td>62057</td>
<td>wmontgomo</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramirez, Marisa</td>
<td>Library</td>
<td>67040</td>
<td>mramir14</td>
<td>2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stephens, Shannon (CH)</td>
<td>Athletics</td>
<td>62762</td>
<td>sgstephe</td>
<td>2011</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### EX OFFICIO MEMBERS (nonvoting members except part time employees rep and past Senate Chair)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>DEPT</th>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>@calpoly.edu</th>
<th>TERM END</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Baker, Warren</td>
<td>President</td>
<td>President’s Ofc</td>
<td>wbaker</td>
<td>ExOff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fernflores, Rachel</td>
<td>AS Chair</td>
<td>AcadSen</td>
<td>rfernflo</td>
<td>ExOff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Koob, Robert</td>
<td>Provost</td>
<td>Provost’s Ofc</td>
<td>rkoob</td>
<td>ExOff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morton, Cornell</td>
<td>VPSA</td>
<td>Student Affairs</td>
<td>cmorton</td>
<td>ExOff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soares, John</td>
<td>Senate</td>
<td>Past Chair</td>
<td>jsoares</td>
<td>ExOff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College dean</td>
<td>Deans Cncl</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ExOff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CFA Pres</td>
<td>CFA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ExOff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pt-Tm Faculty</td>
<td></td>
<td>(position inactive 2009-10)</td>
<td></td>
<td>ExOff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student</td>
<td>ASI</td>
<td>ChBd/ASI</td>
<td></td>
<td>ExOff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student</td>
<td>ASI</td>
<td>Pres/ASI</td>
<td></td>
<td>ExOff</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Adopted:

ACADEMIC SENATE
of
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY
San Luis Obispo, CA

AS--___-09

RESOLUTION ON
SUSTAINABILITY LEARNING OBJECTIVES

WHEREAS, On April 23 2004, the University signed the Talloires Declaration that committed Cal Poly to a ten-point action plan to implement sustainability; and

WHEREAS, The University Mission Statement concludes, “As an academic community, Cal Poly values free inquiry, cultural and intellectual diversity, mutual respect, civic engagement, and social and environmental responsibility;” and

WHEREAS, One of the seven University Learning Objectives states that all Cal Poly graduates shall “Make reasoned decisions based on an understanding of ethics, a respect for diversity, and an awareness of issues related to sustainability;” and

WHEREAS, The current WASC Reaccreditation self-study process has included sustainability as one of two crosscutting issues; and

WHEREAS, The 2007 Institutional Proposal for Reaffirmation of WASC Accreditation states that the University Learning Objectives will “continue to be a guide for both accountability and, most importantly, improvement of our educational effectiveness;” and

WHEREAS, Cal Poly’s 2009 Strategic Plan draft includes “Lead in Sustainability; Cal Poly will lead in sustainability through the educational preparation of our graduates, the research and scholarly contributions of our faculty, and the practices used throughout the University,” as one of seven primary strategic goals and identifies the need to create sustainability learning objectives; and

WHEREAS, The CSU Commitment to Sustainability considers “CSU’s best institutional practices, as well as its hallmark strengths – teaching, applied research, and community service – advocate for a special role for the CSU in sustaining the continued economic and ecological viability of the state;” and

WHEREAS, California Assembly Bill 32, the “Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006” establishes requirements to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in California that will
require sweeping changes to California’s economy and society, and creates a
critical need for polytechnic graduates well-versed in sustainability;
WHEREAS, The Academic Senate Sustainability Committee has been charged with the task to
develop sustainability learning objectives, which they have done with input from
various stakeholders; therefore be it
RESOLVED: That the Sustainability Learning Objectives shall be considered an addendum to the
University Learning Objectives; and be it further
RESOLVED: That the Academic Senate recommend the University adopt the following
Sustainability Learning Objectives as written.

Proposed by: Academic Senate Sustainability Committee
Date: May 1 2009
Revised: May 20 2009
SUSTAINABILITY LEARNING OBJECTIVES

We define sustainability as the ability of the natural and social systems to survive and thrive together to meet current and future needs. In order to consider sustainability when making reasoned decisions, all graduating students should be able to:

1. Define and apply sustainability principles within their academic programs.
2. Explain how natural, economic, and social systems interact to foster or prevent sustainability.
3. Analyze and explain local, national, and global sustainability using a multidisciplinary approach.
4. Consider sustainability principles while developing personal and professional values.
Adopted:

ACADEMIC SENATE
of
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY
San Luis Obispo, CA

AS-___-09

RESOLUTION ON
MERGERS AND/OR REORGANIZATION OF ACADEMIC PROGRAMS

1 WHEREAS: The Academic Senate of the California State University, “urge individual campus
2 senates to develop guidelines, policies and/or procedures regarding the creation,
3 reorganization, consolidation and elimination of academic units, programs,
4 departments and schools to ensure that the processes of consultation and shared
governance are followed” (AS-2891-09/AA/FA, March 19-20, 2009); and
5
6 WHEREAS: There is no promulgated University policy on changes in the reorganization of
7 academic units, programs, departments and schools, hereinafter referred to as
8 “teaching areas”; therefore be it
9
10 RESOLVED: That the Academic Senate should be consulted and make recommendations on
11 changes in the academic structure of teaching areas whenever the matter involves
12 creation, combination, or general reorganization; and be it further
13
14 RESOLVED: That whenever teaching areas are created, combined, and/or reorganized, or
15 whenever a change occurs in the administrative location of a teaching area, it shall
16 be considered a change in academic structure; and be it further
17
18 RESOLVED: That no change in the structure of a teaching area shall be effected without
19 consultation with the faculty who are directly affected by the potential change; and
20 be it further
21
22 RESOLVED: Upon consultation with dean(s), directors(s), and other members of the affected
23 teaching areas, formal proposals for restructuring shall be presented by the
24 Provost/Vice President Academic Affairs to the Academic Senate Executive
25 Committee and will include an explicit description of the proposed administrative
26 arrangements and shall include a curricular and/or administrative justification,
27 which supports in detail the proposed change. The justification shall also include
28 an analysis of costs and benefits. Such proposals shall be presented in time to allow
29 for reasonable review, using procedures deemed appropriate by the Academic
30 Senate Executive Committee, and resulting in a written report and
31 recommendations; and be it further
32
RESOLVED: That as part of its deliberative process, the Academic Senate Executive Committee shall with adequate notice conduct at least one open meeting where individuals may express their opinions about the proposed change.

Proposed by: The Academic Senate Executive Committee
Date: May 1 2009
Revised: May 21 2009
Revised: May 26 2009
ADOPTED:

ACADEMIC SENATE
of
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY
San Luis Obispo, CA

AS-___-09

RESOLUTION ON
RETENTION PROMOTION AND TENURE FOCUS GROUP REPORT

WHEREAS, The criteria for retention, promotion, and tenure decisions should be determined by the respective academic unit such as departments, colleges, and the library; and

WHEREAS, The Research and Professional Development Committee of the Academic Senate during 2006/07 did a review of the retention, promotion, and tenure process for each college, and that report was a starting point for the focus group report; and

WHEREAS, The Academic Senate is currently examining the definition of the Teacher-Scholar model and its implementation at Cal Poly; and

WHEREAS, The process of evaluating candidates for retention, promotion, and tenure should be evaluated and updated as appropriate; and

WHEREAS, The Research and Professional Development Committee of the Academic Senate has examined the report within its purview and with specific emphasis on research, professional development, creative activities, and related issues; therefore be it

RESOLVED: That the Academic Senate endorse recommendations 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, and 9 presented in the attached Retention Promotion and Tenure Focus Group Report (see pp. 5-8 of the report).

Proposed by: Academic Senate Research and Professional Development Committee
Date: May 1 2009
Revised: May 19 2009
Retention Promotion and Tenure Focus Group Report

February 5, 2009

Chair: Al Liddicoat, Assistant Vice President for Academic Personnel
Phil Bailey, Dean College of Science and Mathematics
Bruno Giberti, Professor of Architecture
Linda Halisky, Dean College of Liberal Arts
Mike Miller, Dean of the Library Services
Mike Suess, Associate Vice President for Academic Personnel
Brian Tietje, Associate Dean Orfalea College of Business

Overview

The Retention, Promotion, and Tenure (RPT) Focus Group instituted by Provost Durgin was given the task to review the RPT procedures and policies throughout the University, to identify best practices and issues, and to make recommendations for areas of improvement. Faculty members and administrators with a broad range of experiences and diverse backgrounds were selected to participate in this focus group. The group began by reviewing campus policies, committee reports, and faculty survey results including the Collaborative On Academic Careers in Higher Education (COACHE) survey conducted during the 2006-2007 academic year, the "Academic Senate Subcommittee on Research and Professional Development report to the Academic Senate" dated May 8, 2007, and the "Recommendations on Providing Workload Relief for the College of Engineering Faculty Engaged in Scholarly Activities", January 4, 2007. The committee then identified a set of issues that affect probationary faculty members engaged in the RPT process and their ability to be successful as teacher-scholars at Cal Poly. Next, the committee reviewed RPT policies, criteria, and practices, identified best practices, and considered an electronic RPT evaluation process. Finally, the focus group compiled a set of recommendations included in this report to improve faculty success and the RPT policies, procedures, and processes at Cal Poly.

Collaborative on Academic Careers in Higher Education

In winter 2007, Cal Poly participated in the Collaborative on Academic Careers in Higher Education (COACHE) project endorsed by the Harvard Graduate School of Education. The purpose of the project was to determine factors that are important to the success and job satisfaction of probationary faculty, as well as to enhance the programs that best serve the needs of new faculty members at Cal Poly. The COACHE survey was designed to solicit the perspectives of full-time, tenure-track faculty members and to study aspects of tenure and promotion, the nature of work, policies and practices, as well as culture, climate, and collegiality. Fifty-six universities across the country participate in the survey, including seven California State University Campuses- San Luis Obispo, Pomona, Fullerton, Long Beach, San Bernardino, San Marcos, and Sonoma State University.

The COACHE survey results indicate that the probationary faculty members at Cal Poly feel that the criteria for tenure in the area of professional development and service are less clear and reasonable as compared to the faculty members at the other institutions that participated in the survey. Specifically, faculty members from Cal Poly expressed lower satisfaction in the following areas:
1. Cal Poly faculty members rate the tenure standards (acceptable threshold) in their departments to be less clear than faculty members in the CSU and at other institutions (what is expected is clear and reasonable as a scholar, as a campus citizen, and as an advisor to students.)

2. Cal Poly faculty members report less satisfaction with resources and support for scholarly activities than faculty members in the CSU and at other institutions (time, number of courses, facilities, computing services, and research services.)

3. Cal Poly and CSU faculty members expressed concern over the effectiveness of a policy on the upper limit on teaching and service obligations and the balance between family and personal time.

4. Cal Poly faculty reports less satisfaction with opportunities for collaboration and professional interaction with senior faculty than faculty in the CSU and at other institutions.

The 2008 report of the Academic Senate Research and Professional Development Committee indicates that the understanding of the Teacher-Scholar Model needs strengthening on this campus and that at times there is a lack of consistency among various levels of review in applying the standards for tenure and promotion. Furthermore, this report indicates that the University should provide clearer guidance on the expectations for Professional Development Plans (PDP) and a process to approve and hold faculty members accountable to their plans. Peer advising and/or mentorship may provide an avenue for feedback as faculty members develop as teacher-scholars.

The Focus group reflected on the time demands of the probationary faculty. In order for faculty members to be successful as teacher-scholars, the group felt that probationary faculty should have sufficient time and resources to engage in scholarly activities, particularly during their first two years at Cal Poly. This sentiment was reinforced in the Research and Professional Development Committee’s report. Furthermore, the committee affirmed that reduced service obligations, a more efficient RPT process, and better guidance on preparing working personnel action files and professional development plans will increase faculty members’ time for professional development.

**Best Practices**

The focus group identified several best practices that could be used to guide college and university recommendations. These practices include personnel policies and criteria processes, a practical definition of the Teacher-Scholar Model, faculty professional development support, digital archival of faculty work and accomplishments, faculty development, online student evaluations, and faculty mentoring. This section presents a brief overview of these best practices.

**Personnel Policies, Procedures, and Evaluation Criteria.** The College of Science and Mathematics “Personnel Policies Procedures and Evaluation Criteria” is an example of an efficient and consistent RPT process that has been established for all departments in the college. The focus group identified the following positive aspects of this document:

- Reduced the number of performance evaluations during the tenure process (Part III-B).
- Guidance on developing Working Personnel Action Files (WPAFs) for periodic reviews (Part IV-A) and for performance reviews (Part V-B).
- Example outline for preparing WPAFs (Appendix A).
- Criteria for reappointment, tenure, and promotion (Part V-D).
- Periodic review of newly promoted tenured associate professors in 3rd Year (Part VII-A).
- 12 -

- Procedures for student evaluations (Part X).
- Candidates for promotion are expected to submit a professional development plan with a plan to sustain their role as teacher-scholars.

The "Library Faculty Handbook of Personnel Policies and Procedures" Section III-4 provides an example of the evaluation criteria for other factors of consideration. This document provides an excellent discussion of collegiality, professionalism, and successful interaction with coworkers. The document states that, "Collegiality represents a reciprocal relationship among colleagues and a value system that views diverse members of a university community as critical for the progress and success of its academic mission.... Moreover, collegiality among associates involves appreciation of and respect for differences in expertise, ideas, background, and viewpoints."

**Teacher-Scholar Model.** The Orfalea College of Business' "Faculty Annual Report" (FAR) provides an approach to college-wide resource allocation based on a quantitative review of the accomplishments and the professional development plans of the faculty. The FAR document has also defined the Teacher-Scholar Model in a flexible way that allows faculty members to vary their emphasis on teaching, research and service throughout their careers. In the FAR evaluation process, a weighting based on the faculty members' work emphasis is used in conjunction with an established numeric criteria to compute a composite score. The locus of service obligations changes from department to University as faculty members progress through the ranks. For example, tenured faculty members are often expected to serve on Peer Review Committees and in leadership positions within the department, college, and the University. The Orfalea College of Business uses an electronic tool, Digital Measures, to track faculty achievement and activities for resource allocation and accreditation purposes.

**Faculty Professional Development Support.** Recently, the College of Liberal Arts has established a system to support faculty members in their professional development and scholarly activities. Faculty members submit proposals to the College of Liberal Arts requesting one or more course release(s), student assistant support, or funds for travel that will enable them to bring their scholarly work to completion and present it to the community of scholars. The College provides some funds and support for course releases, and in some cases the College partners with departments to provide student assistant time and additional financial support for faculty professional development. At times, CLA has been able to support special unexpected faculty professional development opportunities in addition to their regularly supported activities. Examples of this supplemental support include a course release to finish a textbook, travel support to allow faculty members to present their work at prestigious invited engagements such as concerts or performances, and support for student assistance in the collection and analysis of research data. In several cases, resources are used to supplement partial support provided through the State Faculty Support Grant Program or other similar funding sources. The College of Liberal Arts reports that their support has been highly effective and not only has it enabled faculty members to be successful in their scholarly activities, but also the support has enhanced faculty morale and their sense of scholarly community within the college.

**Digital Repository of Faculty Work and Accomplishments.** Many universities use electronic tools to capture faculty accomplishments which can be used for dissemination of knowledge, accreditation, alumni communications, advancement, and RPT purposes. Cal Poly is in the process of implementing the Digital Commons to provide a repository for faculty work and accomplishments. Faculty members voluntarily enter their work into the Digital Commons to allow students, faculty members, staff, administrators, and the community to access their scholarly work through an electronic portfolio. The Digital Commons provides an example of an institutional repository capable of capturing information and making it available in an electronic
portfolio. There may be opportunities to apply information technology such as the Digital Commons to the RPT process and in some cases for program accreditation. Academic software tools such as Digital Measures may interface directly with the library's Digital Commons and if adopted this would create a seamless workflow from the college to the library, thus avoiding duplicate effort.

**Faculty Development.** The COACHE survey included custom questions used to solicit feedback on faculty support that is provided through the Center for Teaching and Learning (CTL). 84%, 60%, and 29% of faculty reported that participating in CTL activities have strongly enhanced or somewhat enhanced their teaching, professional development, and service respectively. More strikingly 92%, 86%, and 58% of female faculty report that participating in CTL activities have strongly enhanced or somewhat enhanced their teaching, professional development, and service respectively. These results indicate that the majority of probationary faculty members find that their involvement in CTL has benefited their teaching and professional development. Furthermore, an overwhelming majority of female faculty report that their involvement with CTL has enhanced their teaching, professional development, and service to the University.

**Online Student Evaluations.** Information provided through student evaluations is of particular interest to the University since the data provides both formative feedback that can be used to improve teaching effectiveness and summative feedback used for personnel actions. Some departments in the College of Liberal Arts have been using online student evaluations for their online courses and are interested in exploring the use of online student evaluations in face-to-face courses. The CSU, CFA, and Academic Senate CSU formed a joint committee to investigate student evaluations in response to Article 15.19 of the Collective Bargaining Agreement dated May 15, 2007. This committee was charged to study the “best and most effective practices for the student evaluation of faculty teaching effectiveness.” The study evaluated instruments used for student evaluation and the use of online student evaluations. The committee documented their findings in the “Report on Student Evaluations of Teaching,” dated March 12, 2008. This report provides suggestions for implementing online student evaluations and interpreting the results of these evaluations. Furthermore, the report encourages campuses to carry out research to assess the validity and reliability of online student evaluations.

San Diego State University conducted a two-year formal study of online student evaluations during the 2004-2005 and 2005-2006 academic years. Their study investigated the response rate and mean ratings for traditional and online student evaluations conducted for courses in the College of Professional Studies and Fine Arts. Paper and pencil and online student evaluation results from forty-four courses that used five instruments with 5,972 respondents were analyzed. The results of this study are documented in the “EDTEC 798: Independent Study – Effort Report.” The results of this study show that online student evaluations generated higher response rates for four of the five instruments analyzed. The researcher notes that the form that did not demonstrate a higher online response rate had the smallest sample size: two courses with 176 responses. The aggregate response rate for online evaluations was 82% as compared to 73% for paper and pencil evaluations. No significant difference was found in the mean ratings for online versus paper and pencil evaluations: 4.238 and 4.294 respectively.

San Jose State University’s “Interpretation Guide for Student Opinions of Teaching Effectiveness” documents a method to normalize the student evaluation results by departments and colleges so that valid comparisons can be made. The affects of grade level, course size, and major versus non-major courses were also analyzed. This report provides insight and methods that can be used to gather and interpret student evaluation data. These methods could be used to compare traditional and online student evaluations and to help the University transition to online student evaluations.
**Faculty Mentoring.** The College of Agriculture, Food, and Environmental Sciences has developed a formal faculty mentoring program for their faculty. This is a volunteer mentoring program that has evolved over a period of seven years. The college mentoring program coordinator meets with interested faculty members in the fall quarter to explain the mentoring program and the roles and responsibilities of the faculty involved. Faculty members wishing to be mentored fill out a survey to identify specific area of mentoring interest. These areas of interest include teaching, professional development, establishing a research program, faculty advising, Cal Poly culture, or other faculty defined topics. Similarly, faculty mentors fill out a form that includes their strengths and identifies the areas that they feel qualified and comfortable mentoring faculty members. The mentoring program coordinator then pairs mentees with mentors and asks them to work together to define their expectations, goals, and plan to accomplish these goals. The program coordinator tracks the mentoring relationships and coordinates a recognition event in the spring quarter for the faculty participants.

Several faculty members have reported benefits from the program and several faculty members who have been mentored later become mentors themselves. The program coordinator commented on non-traditional pairings such as an instance when a senior faculty member requested mentoring for the use of technology in his classroom and was paired with a junior faculty member who was a technology expert. The mentoring program coordinator plans to formally evaluate the impact of the program using survey instruments in the near future.

**Committee Recommendations**

This section presents a list of recommendations identified by the committee and an implementation table that includes champions and a rough timeline to guide the implementation. The first five recommendations focus on enhancing University and college procedures, and the remaining six recommendations include suggestions to clarify, support, and evaluate faculty professional development, teaching, and service accomplishments.

1. **The University should provide clear guidelines and a common format for the Working Personnel Action File (WPAF).** A common format will facilitate the preparation and review of Working Personnel Action Files. The committee recommends that the University standardize a template of required materials which should be submitted in a small binder and allow faculty members to submit additional supporting materials in a separate binder as needed. The small binder would include a summary of teaching and work assignments, student evaluations, a list of scholarly activities and research projects, and service activities.

2. **Each college should establish common faculty evaluation procedures to be used for all departments within the college.** Many departments within a college have similar but different RPT procedures. This adds to confusion of probationary faculty members within a college and unnecessarily complicates the work of the college peer review committee which is required to review and understand the documents for all of the departments they review. Departments should use the college procedures and amplify the college criteria used to evaluate teaching, professional development, and service within the discipline.

3. **The University should recommend that colleges consider the multiyear appointment procedure for probationary faculty that has been developed by the College of Science and Mathematics.** The multiyear appointment procedure developed by CSM allows three 2-year appointments for probationary faculty. In the first year of each two year appointment a periodic review is conducted to provide faculty formative feedback as they make progress.
towards promotion and tenure. During probationary years two and four, summative performance reviews are conducted for retention to a subsequent two-year appointment. In year six, faculty members undergo a performance review for promotion and tenure. This procedure reduces the time faculty members spend preparing voluminous WPAF files for performance reviews, as well as the time faculty members and administrators spend reviewing materials, while providing formative feedback each year to help develop and prepare the faculty to be successful as teacher-scholars.

4. The implementation of an online student evaluation pilot program in the College of Liberal Arts and the Orfalea College of Business to study and evaluate the effectiveness, benefits, and disadvantages of online student evaluation. Online student evaluations have been successfully implemented University-wide at San Diego State University with no significant decrease in response rate or change in mean ratings. Online student evaluations provide a convenient mechanism for students to provide feedback of teaching effectiveness, do not take time from course instruction, and give all students an opportunity to submit feedback. The data collected via online student evaluations can be stored directly into an electronic database or faculty e-portfolio. On-line student evaluations significantly reduce the time required to prepare and process evaluation packages by the department staff, faculty, and ITS. Online student evaluations allow easily customizable instruments that may include common questions defined by the University, college, department and/or instructor. Electronic reports can automatically normalize or scale the results by factors such as course level, modes of instruction, enrollment, or major versus non-major course. Thus electronic data analysis and interpretation of student evaluations may better inform instructors and reviewers of faculty teaching effectiveness. The Provost should designate a committee to develop an RFP, evaluate potential vendors, and report recommendations to the Deans’ Council. Members of the vendor selection committee should include a college dean or associate dean, and representatives from the Academic Senate, Academic Personnel, ITS, and the Library.

5. The University should explore the use of electronic faculty evaluation processes and set up a pilot process in one college. Several software tools are available that facilitate electronic review of faculty members via e-portfolios; the committee briefly reviewed the Activity Insight software package from Digital Measures. 10 There appear to be several advantages to using an e-portfolio for faculty evaluations. These advantages include extracting and archiving information directly from University databases such as teaching assignments, grading patterns, student evaluation results, and scholarly work included in the Digital Commons; consistent organization, categorization, and presentation of materials; the ability to run reports and summarize data electronically; and electronic control over the evaluation process (online access to personnel files, deadline notification, verification of process requirements, automatic WPAF access logs, and security to protect personnel information). The Provost should designate a committee to develop an RFP, evaluate potential vendors, and report recommendations to the Deans’ Council. Members of the vendor selection committee should include a college dean or associate dean, and representatives from the Academic Senate, Academic Personnel, ITS, and the Library.

6. The University should produce a comprehensive statement on scholarship and professional development to reflect the University’s vision of the Teacher-Scholar Model. This statement should define the Teacher-Scholar Model within the context of Cal Poly and it should be in concert with the Teacher-Scholar section of the WASC self-study and the various other University documents on this subject. The statement will provide guidance to faculty members as they develop as teacher-scholars at Cal Poly and should include the benefits of the Teacher-Scholar Model to the students, faculty and the University.
7. The University should establish guidelines to assist faculty in the development of Professional Development Plans to encompass teaching, scholarship/professional development, and service, and to clarify the method by which they will report the progress they have made toward their goals. Probationary faculty members are expected to write and maintain Professional Development Plans (PDP) that communicate their scholarly goals and state what they intend to accomplish by the time they are considered for tenure and promotion. The PDP should include a timeline for activities that support their tenure and promotion requests, short- and long-term goals, scholarly activities of substantial quality, and intended external validation of their work. In addition, the University should define a common process for faculty to submit Professional Development Plans, gain the endorsement of their peers and approval by their dean/provost, update and archive the plans as they progress, and define how faculty members report their accomplishments against their plans in the RPT process. Candidates for promotion should be expected to submit a five-year plan indicating how they will sustain their development as teacher-scholars.

8. The University should establish an environment and develop the resources to support faculty members in their endeavor to become successful teacher-scholars. Policies should include reduced teaching and service assignments for new faculty members to allow them to focus on developing their teaching and scholarly activities as they begin their careers at Cal Poly. Deans should dedicate funds to provide assigned time for scholarly activities. Departments should be encouraged to schedule courses such that faculty members have blocks of time to focus on scholarly activities.

9. Specific criteria and expectations regarding service should be included in college RPT guidelines. The COACHE survey indicates that the University should better define the service expectations for tenure. A lack of clarity of criteria leads to misaligned priorities and unnecessary anxiety for the faculty. The college RPT documents should include a discussion about the expectation of service contributions and the roles and responsibilities of faculty members as they progress from assistant to full professor.

10. The University or colleges should articulate a policy indicating how learning assessment can be linked to teaching, service, professional development, or some combination of them all. Faculty members have a significant role in learning assessment for the courses they teach, program curricula, program accreditation, and the scholarship of teaching. Currently college and department RPT documents are silent and ambiguous on faculty expectations in the area of learning assessment. Clarity of faculty expectations with respect to learning assessment will lead to a better understanding and implementation of learning assessment.

11. The University or colleges should provide direction for faculty members to better evaluate teaching effectiveness. Peer Review Committee evaluators need guidance in how to best determine if instructors are effective teachers. Examples might include evaluating the instructor's process of defining learning outcomes for their courses, developing appropriate measures to assess learning, and developing course content and activities that achieve student learning. All faculty members should include the course learning outcomes in their syllabi so that teaching effectiveness can be evaluated against course learning outcomes. Quantitative data related to teaching effectiveness such as student evaluations, grade distributions, and other relevant evaluative parameters should be standardized. Student evaluation surveys could be rewritten to place greater importance on learning and the instructor's role in facilitating student learning in order to better assist faculty members in evaluating effective teaching and learning. In accordance with the MOU requirement to consult with the faculty of a department or equivalent unit, college deans should address the expectation of
probationary faculty to evaluate all courses and amend college guidelines accordingly. Colleges should expect probationary faculty to include a constructive narrative statement reflecting and interpreting the results of their student evaluations.

**Recommendation Implementation Table**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendation</th>
<th>Champion</th>
<th>Develop</th>
<th>Implementation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4. Pilot online student evaluations</td>
<td>Provost Committee</td>
<td>Winter and Spring 2009</td>
<td>Spring 2009</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Pilot Electronic RPT evaluations</td>
<td>Provost Committee</td>
<td>Winter and Spring 2009</td>
<td>AY 2009-2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Support for scholarship</td>
<td>Provost</td>
<td>Winter and Spring 2009</td>
<td>AY 2009-2010</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Bibliography**

6. The Orfalea College of Business “Faculty Annual Report.”
ACADEMIC SENATE
of
CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC STATE UNIVERSITY
San Luis Obispo, CA

AS-____-09

RESOLUTION ON RESEARCH AND
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT AT CAL POLY

WHEREAS, The Research and Professional Development Committee of the Academic Senate is charged with the responsibility of making recommendations relative to policies and procedures for research and professional development activities on campus; and

WHEREAS, The Teacher-Scholar model is espoused as a goal and/or objective by the strategic planning initiative and the University’s accreditation self-study; and

WHEREAS, Results of the WASC student survey strongly suggest faculty engagement in their disciplines by way of research, scholarship and creative activities (RSCA) is a benefit for students; and

WHEREAS, For the past several years Cal Poly has hired a significant number of faculty, and they have expressed a strong interest in, and expectations for, RSCA; therefore be it

RESOLVED: That the Provost shall charge College Deans, Department Chairs, and the Dean of Research and Graduate Programs, to explore, identify and in a timely manner report best practices in their support of RSCA, including but not limited to, specific examples of exemplary Teacher-Scholars; and be it further

RESOLVED: That such reports clearly explicate the use of resources (e.g., assigned time, direct funding, graduate assistants, etc.) in support of RSCA, along with the criteria for applying and awarding those resources; and be it further

RESOLVED: That the Research and Professional Development Committee be responsible for collecting those reports and presenting them to the Academic Senate; and be it further

RESOLVED: That the Provost, College Deans, Department Chairs, and the Dean of Research and Graduate Programs promote teaching across the colleges as a platform to enhance interdisciplinary and collaborative RSCA.

Proposed by: Academic Senate Research and Professional Development Committee
Date: May 1 2009
Revised: May 15 2009
Revised: May 19 2009
Revised: May 26 2009
WHEREAS, Most universities require their graduate students to be continuously enrolled during at least the three quarters of the regular academic year until they receive their degree; and

WHEREAS, Cal Poly does not require continuous enrollment, nor does it require that graduate students be enrolled during the quarter in which they graduate; and

WHEREAS, During the period between completion of classes and graduation many Cal Poly graduate students use campus facilities, resources, and faculty time over many quarters; and

WHEREAS, Requiring graduate students to be enrolled during these quarters will allow Cal Poly to keep better track of the students, and the students may be more motivated to finish in a timely manner; and

WHEREAS, The University wishes to implement a requirement for continuous enrollment of graduate students, including enrollment during the quarter they graduate; and

WHEREAS, This enrollment could be through a one-unit class administered by the Open University to reduce expense to students; therefore be it

RESOLVED: That the attached proposed GS 597, Continued Graduate Study course, be approved as a vehicle for this enrollment.

Proposed by: Academic Senate Curriculum Committee
Date: May 8 2009
Revised: May 19 2009
Revised: May 26 2009
Course Proposal

Use this for proposing New Courses, GE Courses, U.S. Cultural Pluralism Courses.

To Course Proposal Guidelines
Click on links in this form for definitions.

To Curriculum Roles and Responsibilities

Department: Research and Graduate Programs

Today's Date: April 13, 2009

Proposer(s): Susan Opava
e-mail: sopava@calpoly.edu telephone: 6-1508

For 2009-11 Catalog, courses effective Su 2009
For other courses, requested start term:

Course Catalog Information

1. **Course Prefix, Number, Title:** GS597 Continued Graduate Study

2. **Catalog Description** (substantive, but no more than 40 words of content description)

   Activities other than regular coursework that are needed to complete the requirements for the degree. Analysis of data, thesis and project report writing, oral defense of the thesis/project, preparation for the comprehensive exam, and other activities related to the culminating experience for the student's program. Can be used to fulfill the continuous enrollment requirement for graduate students. Units earned in this course may not be used toward degree completion.

3. **Prerequisite and/or Concurrent Enrollment** (note: 300-400 level courses must have prerequisite)

   A. List course(s) or other prerequisite/concurrent requirement:

   Students must be in good standing in a graduate program at Cal Poly.

   B. Briefly explain the reason for any prerequisites or concurrent enrollment for the course.

4. **Total Units:** Number of units per mode of instruction: N.A. (independent study)

   15

   Lecture [ ] Laboratory [ ] Activity [ ] Seminar [ ] Supervision [ ]

5. **Grading Type:** Regular [ ] Credit/NC [ X]

6. **General Education (GE):** No [ X] Yes [ ] If yes, GE Area: ________ If yes, refer to GE criteria and specify criteria in "Section III. Course Objectives, Assessment, Content" of this form.

7. **United States Cultural Pluralism (USCP):** No [ X] Yes [ ] If yes, refer to USCP criteria and specify criteria in "Section III. Course Objectives, Assessment, Content" of this form.

8. **Service Learning:** No [ X] Yes [ ] If yes, refer to Service Learning criteria.

9. **Study Abroad:** Will students be taking this course while studying abroad? No [ X] Yes [ ] If yes, refer to International Education Program criteria.

12/20/2007
10. **Crosslisted Course:**
   - If yes, indicate other course prefix and number:
     - No ☒ Yes ☐
   - If the course already exists, and you want to add a Crosslisting, use the "Course Modification" form. If this is a new course, include a Course Proposal form for each prefix.

11. **Repeatable?**
   - Is the course repeatable for multiple credit? No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, maximum # units: 15
   - Is the course repeatable in the same term? No ☒ Yes ☐ 15

12. **Is this a Course to be taught with specific Subtitles?** (e.g., ENGL 439 British Writers) No ☒ Yes ☐
    - To schedule a specific subtitle, send an email to Mary Whiteford (mwhitefo@calpoly.edu). Copies may be required by your department chair/head and/or college dean’s office.

13. **Is this a Selected Topics Course?** (e.g., 470, 471, 570, 571, IS 301) No ☒ Yes ☐
    - To schedule a specific topic, use the "Selected Topic Course Proposal" form. These require approval by department chair/head and college dean.

14. **Is this a Replacement Course?** (replaces the content of a course to be deleted from the catalog) No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, indicate prior course prefix, number:
    - Is the deleted course Articulated with a California community college or university? No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, do you want the articulation agreement to continue? No ☒ Yes ☐

15. **Course Classification Number(s) C/S#:** (Academic Programs will provide)

I. **Purpose of Course**

A. **Where does the proposed course fit within the curriculum (major, support, concentration, etc.)?**

   - Graduate Program? No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, specify name of program/specialization: all graduate programs, unless exempted
   - Undergraduate Major? No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, is the course:
     - * required? No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, specify name of major and/or concentration:
     - * elective? No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, specify name of major and/or concentration:

   Support for a Major outside of department? No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, specify name of major and include a memo from that department:

   Minor?: No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, specify name of minor:

   Other program (is this course for GE, USCP, a Certificate, Credential)? No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, specify name of program:
   - If the course is intended for another department, please include a memo from that department.

B. **Need**
   - Briefly explain the need for this new course (e.g., changes in the discipline/profession, based on review of assessment data, etc.). Describe how the course aligns with program learning objectives. (Note: "program" refers to the item(s) check in 1.A. above—graduate program, undergraduate major, support, minor, GE, etc.)
   - It is the vehicle for implementing a continuous enrollment requirement for graduate students. Ensures that students have access to university resources and are officially enrolled.
II. Course Learning Objectives, Assessment, Content

Note:
- Excerpts from already prepared materials may be "copied & pasted" into this section. Please do not attach a separate document.

A. Course Learning Objectives and Assessment Methods
List the learning objectives for the course (e.g., What should students know or be able to do after taking this course?) and the assessment method that will be used to collect credible evidence of student achievement of the learning objectives. Consult the Associate Dean in your college about assessment resources. Here's a link to institutional assessment resources.

If course is proposed for General Education, refer to GE criteria and identify GE objectives and criteria here. If course is proposed for U. S. Cultural Pluralism, refer to USCP criteria and identify USCP criteria here.

You may use the chart below to directly relate course learning objectives to assessment methods OR you may list course learning objectives and assessment methods separately.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Learning Objectives</th>
<th>Assessment Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. Expanded Course Content
Provide a detailed week-by-week outline (you may include readings, discussion topics, lab experiments, activities, assignments, etc.) For courses with multiple sections, faculty and/or courses with different subtitles, describe the consistent principles or key elements that will be common to all sections. For a course with different subtitles, please provide a representative sample of a syllabus.

If course is proposed for General Education, refer to GE criteria and identify GE objectives and criteria here. If course is proposed for U. S. Cultural Pluralism, refer to USCP criteria and identify USCP content here.

III. Consultation

A. If other departments or programs will be affected by this new course, please talk with the other department chairs/heads and attach signed consultation memos to this form.

Memo not required ☒  Memo attached ☐

B. List all courses that already cover any significant part of the planned content/learning objectives of this course either within the department or from other departments. Explain why duplication of subject matter is necessary. Please talk with any other departments with which there will be significant duplication and attach signed consultation memos to this form.

To the best of my understanding, a memo is not required ☒  Memo attached ☐
Course proposal forms will be forwarded to the Library’s representative on the Academic Senate Curriculum Committee by the Academic Programs office. The appropriate college librarian will comment on support of this course. This will be done one term prior to review by the full Senate Curriculum Committee.

IV. **Resources** (in consultation with the Department Head/Chair and College Dean/Associate Dean)

A. **For Department and College Planning Purposes:** NA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Estimated number of students in one section of this course?</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>Lec/Sem</th>
<th>Lab/Act</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Estimated number of sections offered</td>
<td>Fall: 1</td>
<td>Winter: 1</td>
<td>Spring: 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. **Explain the impact of this new course on current and/or new resources and accessibility.**

1. **Equipment.**
   *Does this course require new equipment?* No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, specify:

2. **Supplies.**
   *Does this course require new supplies?* No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, specify:

3. **Facilities.**
   *Indicate type of teaching environment needed.*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lec</th>
<th>Lab</th>
<th>Smart Room</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
   None needed; most students will not be on campus.

4. **Faculty.**
   *Indicate the names of the faculty members who will initially teach the course.* NA

   Additional information regarding staffing of other courses and/or faculty workload may be requested by department head/chair and/or college dean.

5. **Information Technology.**
   *Does this course require new computer facilities and/or software?* No ☒ Yes ☐ If yes, please specify:

6. **Instructional Materials and Information Technology Accessibility.** (Revised 12/3/07) NA
   - As of Fall Quarter 2008, new courses, including associated instructional materials and websites, must meet CSU accessibility requirements unless an exception is granted. Information is available at the following website, Accessibility.calpoly.edu.
   - Please review the Universal Design and Faculty Support sections of the Learning Management System support website at BlackBoardSupport.calpoly.edu.
   - I have read and understand Cal Poly’s Universal Design webpage: No ☐ Yes ☒
   - Take advantage of the technology support tutorials, workshops and other services offered by the Center for Teaching and Learning.
   - If you still have questions or need any assistance, email the Electronic and Information...
V. Approval Signatures (to Curriculum Roles and Responsibilities)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Department Curriculum Chair</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department Head/Chair</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College Curriculum Chair</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College Dean: NA</td>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
  *(This signature is the Dean’s guarantee that s/he will provide any additional resources needed to support this course.)*
| Vice Provost for Academic Programs | Date |

For questions and concerns contact Mary Whiteford at mwhitefo@calpoly.edu or 756-5475
WHEREAS, Consistent with constitutional protections and long-standing American Association of University Professors (AAUP) principles, Cal Poly is obligated to support the academic freedom of its faculty and the integrity of its educational programs; and

WHEREAS, Faculty must have “freedom to conduct research, teach, and publish, subject to the norms and standards of scholarly inquiry, without interference or penalty, wherever the search for truth and understanding may lead”; and

WHEREAS, A “Report of the Board of Trustees Ad Hoc Committee on Governance, Collegiality, and Responsibility in the California State University” (adopted by the CSU Board of Trustees in September 1985) states in paragraph three:

Collegial governance assigns primary responsibility to the faculty for the educational functions of the institution in accordance with basic policy as determined by the Board of Trustees. This includes admission and degree requirements, the curriculum and methods of teaching, academic and professional standards, and the conduct of creative and scholarly activities,

http://www.calstate.edu/acadaff/System_Strategic_Planning/docs/Rpt2BOT-CollegialityResponsibility.pdf; and

WHEREAS, The statewide Academic Senate (ASCSU) “encourages the local campus senates to develop or review campus policies for the protection of freedom of inquiry, research, expression, and teaching both inside the classroom and beyond” (Academic Freedom and Free Speech Rights, AS-2649-04/FA, March 11 & 12 2004),

http://www.calstate.edu/AcadSen/Records/Resolutions/2003-2004/2649.shtml; and

WHEREAS, President Baker, in his response to Academic Senate Resolution AS-621-04/MF “Resolution on Academic Freedom,” reaffirmed the University’s commitment to the “principles of academic freedom,”

http://www.calpoly.edu/~acadsen/Resolutions/2003-2004/AS-621-04-MF.pdf; and
WHEREAS, In recent years, there have been attempts to quell discussion of contentious issues under the guise of a need for a “balanced” approach to controversial issues; and

WHEREAS, Cal Poly has witnessed attempts by political organizations and citizen groups to bring pressure to bear on our University to circumvent the domain of faculty in determining academic offerings and/or content; and

WHEREAS, The ASCSU recommends that campus senates incorporate into their policies on academic freedom the 1940 AAUP Statement on Academic Freedom and Tenure with the 1970 Interpretive Comments (per AS-2661-04/FA, March 6-7, 2004, “Endorsing the AAUP Statement on Principles on Academic Freedom and Tenure”),
http://www.calstate.edu/AcadSen/Records/Resolutions/2003-2004/2661.shtml; and

WHEREAS, Cal Poly’s Statement on Academic Freedom has not been updated since 1991,
http://www.academicprograms.calpoly.edu/academicpolicies/Academic-freedom.htm; therefore be it

RESOLVED: That the Cal Poly Academic Senate reaffirm its commitment to the principles of Academic Freedom as contained in the 1940 American Association of University Professors (AAUP) Statement on Academic Freedom and Tenure with the 1970 Interpretive Comments,
http://www.aau.org/AAUP/pubsres/policydocs/contents/1940statement.htm; and be it further

RESOLVED: That the Cal Poly Academic Senate object to and reject any attempts to circumvent the domain of faculty in determining academic offerings and/or content; and be it further

RESOLVED: That Cal Poly’s Statement on Academic Freedom be expanded to include the nationally recognized definition of academic freedom as attached.

1 The term “Faculty” to include instructional faculty, researchers, librarians, and counselors.

Proposed by: Academic Senate Faculty Affairs Committee
Date: May 11 2009
Revised: May 20 2009
Revised: May 26 2009
STATEMENT ON ACADEMIC FREEDOM

Cal Poly recognizes and supports the principle of academic freedom, by which each instructional faculty member, researcher, librarian, and counselor has the right to teach, to conduct research, and to publish material relevant to that faculty member's discipline, even when such material is controversial.

The University also guarantees to its faculty the same rights shared by all citizens which include:

- the right to free expression,
- the right to assemble, and
- the right to criticize and seek revision of the institution's regulations.

At the same time, the faculty should recognize an equally binding obligation to perform their academic duties responsibly and to comply with the internal regulations of the university.

Each faculty member is expected to recognize the right of free expression of other members of the University community; intolerance and personal abuse are unacceptable.

Faculty shall not claim to be representing the University unless authorized to do so.

Cal Poly endorses the nationally recognized definition of academic freedom from the American Association of University Professors (AAUP): The 1940 Statement of Principles on Academic Freedom and Tenure with 1970 Interpretative Notes, as follows:

**Academic Freedom**

(a) Teachers are entitled to full freedom in research and in the publication of results, subject to the adequate performance of their other academic duties; but research for pecuniary return should be based upon an understanding with the authorities of the institution.

(b) Teachers are entitled to freedom in the classroom in discussing their subject, but they should be careful not to introduce into their teaching controversial subject matter which has no relation to the subject. Limitations of academic freedom because of religious or other aims of the institution should be clearly stated in writing at the time of appointment.

(c) College and university teachers are citizens, members of a learned profession, and officers of an educational institution. When they speak or write as citizens, they should be free from institutional censorship or discipline, but their special position in the community imposes special obligations. As scholars and educational officers, they should remember that the public may judge their profession and institution by their utterances. Hence, they should at all times be accurate, should
exercise appropriate restraints, should show respect for the opinions of others, and should make every effort to indicate they are not speaking for the institution.


2 The footnote from the 1970 Interpretative Notes on the AAUP Statement reads: “The intent of this statement is not to discourage what is ‘controversial.’ Controversy is at the heart of free academic inquiry which the entire statement is designed to focus. The passage serves to underscore the need for teachers to avoid persistently intruding material which has no relation to the subject.”